# Pebble Lane Associates Draft Upland Site Summary

### PEBBLE LANE ASSOCIATES (DAR ID# 134)

Address: 57-00 47th Street, Maspeth, New York 11378

(58-20 47th Street)

Tax Lot Parcel(s): Queens Block 2601, Lots 1 and 6

Latitude: 40.718630 Longitude: -73.922410

Regulatory Programs/

Numbers/Codes: ICIS-NPDES: NYU2000023, USEPA ID No. 110039195331,

NYSDEC Solid Waste Management Facility

No. 41W64, PBS No. 2-318744 and 2-350001,

NYSDEC Spill No. 0709978, 0808170, and 9411004, NYSDEC Fill Material Transfer Station Permit No. 22

No Data Available

# 1 SUMMARY OF CONSTITUENTS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN (COPCs) TRANSPORT PATHWAYS TO THE CREEK

The current understanding of the transport mechanisms of COPCs from the upland portions of the Pebble Lane Associates site (site) to Newtown Creek is summarized in this section and Table 1, and supported in the following sections.

#### **Overland Transport**

The site is adjacent to Newtown Creek. A solid waste inspection in 2006 documented uncontrolled stormwater runoff, unpermitted wastewater discharge, and solid waste activity near surface water (NYSDEC 2006; Brezner 2007). Another inspection in 2007 documented that stormwater was not connected to New York City Department of Protection (NYCDEP) sewers and that stormwater was currently allowed to infiltrate into the ground, sheet flow into Newtown Creek, or discharge to the creek through an on-site outfall (Galli 2001; Zacharias 2007). This is a complete historical pathway and a potentially complete current pathway.

#### Bank Erosion:

No specific evidence of bank erosion was identified in the available site records. Arial photographs indicate that there is a combination of vegetation and riprap slope down to Newtown Creek (see Figure 1). On January 31, 2007, a notice of violation was issued for the placement of fill on the bank, clearing/removal of high marsh vegetation, clearing/removal of tidal wetland adjacent to vegetation, and construction of a concrete retaining wall along the bank without a New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) permit (NYSDEC 2007). There is insufficient evidence to make a current or historical pathway determination.

#### Groundwater

The site is located adjacent to Newtown Creek. Information regarding on-site groundwater investigations was not identified in documents available for review. There is insufficient evidence to make a current or historical pathway determination.

#### Overwater Activities

Plans for the installation of a bulkhead at the site to dock barges exist; however, available site records and aerial photos do not indicate that the bulkhead was ever constructed (Galli 2002). No further information regarding overwater activities was identified in documents available for review. There is insufficient evidence to make a current or historical pathway determination.

#### Stormwater/Wastewater Systems

This site is within the Newtown Creek Water Pollution Control Plant (WPCP) sewershed. Although sanitary discharges from the site flow into a separate local municipal system, it is likely that the separate local system flows into a larger combined system prior to reaching the treatment plant. When the combined flows exceed the system's capacity, untreated combined sewer overflows (CSOs) are discharged to Newtown Creek (NYCDEP 2007). There is insufficient evidence to make a current or historical pathway determination for discharge to sewer/ CSO.

Based on the site topography and records, stormwater at the site is expected to infiltrate into the ground, flow overland towards Newtown Creek, or discharge to Newtown Creek

through an unpermitted on-site stormwater outfall (Galli 2001; Stuart 2001). On April 30, 2009, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) issued an enforcement penalty for unpermitted NPDES discharges (USEPA 2011). Direct discharge of stormwater and wastewater is a complete historical pathway and a potentially complete current pathway.

#### Air Releases

Information regarding air emissions from the site was not identified in documents available for review. There is insufficient evidence to make a current or historical pathway determination.

#### **2 PROJECT STATUS**

Information regarding on-site environmental investigations was not identified in documents available for review. A New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Site Code was not found for this site.

#### 3 SITE OWNERSHIP HISTORY

Respondent Member:				Yes No
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Owner	Years	Occupant	Type of Operation				
Unknown	circa 1912 – circa 1930	Valvoline Oil Company	Oil depot				
Peter and Elizabeth Galasso (Lot 1)	Unknown – 1985	Unoccupied	Unoccupied				
Alfredo Lamanna Trucking (northern part of Lot 1)	1985 – 1998	Alfredo Lamanna Trucking	Recovery and recycling of clean fill material including sand, rock, gravel, and dirt				
Island Transportation Corporation (southern part of Lot 1 becomes Lot 6)	1985 – 1998	Island Transportation Corporation	Maintenance and parking of trucks used for hauling petroleum products				
	1998 – present						
57-00 Maspeth Avenue LLC (Lot 6)	1998 – present	Pebble Lane Associates LLC (lease Lots 1 & 6)	Waste transfer station- construction and demolition debris				
	2004 – unknown	Brookville Enterprises	Glass recycling				

Note:

Additional discussion and sources provided in Section 6.

#### **4 PROPERTY DESCRIPTION**

The property occupies approximately 2.93 acres adjacent to Newtown Creek. The site contains one 20,000 square foot building for indoor equipment and maintenance. Approximately half the site is bare soil where solid waste piling and transfer occurs and the other half is a paved area for truck parking. The site is enclosed by either a galvanized metal fence or concrete block wall. The site is at approximately 5 feet above mean sea level and slopes gently down from northeast to southwest towards Newtown Creek as shown on Figure 1.

The property is adjoined by Newtown Creek on the northwest and southwest, 58th Road to the north, and 47th Street to the northeast, and a vacant lot to the southeast. The confluence of English Kills and Newtown Creek is located across Newtown Creek to the southwest of the property. The shoreline is made up of asphalt, concrete, rocks, and vegetation (Bontje 2002). The site property is zoned M3-1 (manufacturing). M3 districts are designated for areas with heavy industries that generate noise, traffic, or pollutants (NYCDCP 2011). A 2001 schematic of the site is included as Attachment 1.

#### **5 CURRENT SITE USE**

The site is permitted by NYSDEC as a Solid Waste Transfer facility under the Part 360 regulations for Construction and Demolition (C&D) materials and other incidental non-putrescible solid waste. C&D debris are dumped onto an outdoor concrete pad, where materials are sorted out and reclaimed (Galli 2001). Residual waste is later trucked off site. Daily activities include checking in and initial inspection; weighing in; dumping of solid waste onto the tipping area; inspection; removal of corrugated cardboard, ferrous, and nonferrous metals; short-term storage for accumulation of recyclable materials; and removal and transportation of these materials to appropriate material handlers and disposal facilities. During these activities, some material will be crushed, run over, screened, and stockpiled. Dust generated by these activities is controlled by spraying water onto the piles (Galli 2001). A portion of the property is leased out to a trucking company for truck parking.

#### **6 SITE USE HISTORY**

The first documented operation at the site was the Valvoline Oil Company, which was labeled as block 2234 in 1914. Historical maps show the oil depot having oil tanks, oil barrels, storage and wagon sheds, and a building labeled "auto" from 1914 through approximately 1930 (Sanborn 1914; MANY 1921; War Department 1930). In 1936, the site appeared unoccupied and the previous buildings and tanks are not shown. The parcel of land was bounded by Newton Creek on the western edge and Rogers Street on the eastern edge and divided by Mollers Lane (Sanborn 1936). This lane was later renamed 47th Street (Sanborn 1986; Sanborn 1990). The first known operation at the site was a truck body repair shop (Sanborn 1986).

Island Transportation purchased the southern portion of Lot 1 (later known as Lot 6) in 1985 and continued operations on the site through at least 2002 (Galasso 1985a; Island Transportation Corporation 1998; DSNY 2002). Island Transportation used the site for parking and maintenance of trucks that hauled petroleum products (DSNY 2002).

In 1985, Alfredo Lamanna Trucking purchased part of Block 2601, Lot 1 (Galasso 1985b) and operated a recovery facility for clean fill material including sand, rock, gravel, and dirt (Alfredo Lamanna Trucking 1996).

By 1998, Pebble Lane Associates, Inc., operated on the site (Sullivan 1998). The site accepted asphalt, brick, soil, and rock (Pebble Lane Associates 1998).

As of 2002, the site had a one-story, 19,890-square-foot building for office and garage space used by Pebble Lane and Island Transportation. Pebble Lane processed incoming materials in a screening plant that separated soil from large pieces of rock and concrete. Materials were stored in separated piles on the site and then removed by a front end loader into trucks (DSNY 2002). In 2004, the facility began accepting glass under the operation of Brookville Enterprises (Brookville Enterprises 2004). Pebble Lane also leased the adjacent Block 2601, Lot 6 beginning in 2009 (Brooklyn Federal Savings Bank 2009).

### 7 CURRENT AND HISTORICAL AREAS OF CONCERN AND COPCS

The current understanding of the historical and current potential upland and overwater areas of concern at the site is summarized in Table 1. The following sections provide brief discussion of the potential sources and constituents of potential concern (COPCs) at the site requiring additional discussion.

Areas of concern at the site include areas in which transportation equipment, C&D debris piles, and tanks that store petroleum products (including diesel, used oil, and fuel oil) exist. The COPCs associated with these areas include: petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), semi volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), volatile organic compounds (VOCs), and metals.

### 7.1 Uplands

Three petroleum tanks and ancillary equipment (i.e., valves and pumps) are currently located on site for fueling and maintenance purposes. Four USTs were historically located on site but have been removed. Petroleum product storage and capacity is summarized as follows (EDR 2010; NYSDEC 2011):

Tank ID	Date Installed	Tank Location	Status	Capacity (gallons)	Product		
PBS 2-3500	001						
001	06/01/82	Underground	Closed – Removed 12/01/98	4,500	Diesel		
PBS 2-318	744						
001	10/01/85	Underground	In Service	4,000	Diesel		
002	10/01/85	Underground	Closed-Removed 12/01/98	4,000	Unknown		
003	10/01/85	Underground	Closed-Removed 12/01/98	4,000	Unknown		
004	10/01/85	Underground	Closed-Removed 12/01/98	1,080	Unknown		
005	10/01/85	Aboveground	Closed-Removed 03/08/06	6,000	No. 2 fuel oil		
2	01/03/00	Aboveground – in contact with impervious barrier	In Service	180	Motor oil		

Tank ID	Date Installed	Tank Location	Status	Capacity (gallons)	Product
3	01/03/00	Aboveground – in contact with impervious barrier	In Service	180	Waste/used oil

#### 7.2 Overwater Activities

Plans for the installation of a bulkhead at the site to dock barges exist; however, available site records and aerial photos do not indicate that the bulkhead was ever constructed (Galli 2002). No further information regarding overwater activities was identified in documents available for review.

# 7.3 Spills

Documented spills at the site are summarized as follows:

- On November 17, 1994, a gasoline release occurred from a commercial/industrial source (NYSDEC Spill No. 9411004). The Environmental Data Resources, Inc. (EDR), listing indicates that the volume of the release was minimal, corrective action was taken, and the file was closed by NYSDEC the same day (EDR 2010).
- On December 18, 2007, a test tank failure resulted in a diesel release (NYSDEC Spill No. 0709978). The EDR listing indicates that the volume of the release was not reported, corrective action was taken, and the file was closed by NYSDEC on December 28, 2007 (EDR 2010).
- On October 21, 2008, a diesel release occurred from an unknown cause (NYSDEC Spill No. 0808170). The EDR listing indicates that the volume of the release was minimal, corrective action was planned, but the file has not been closed (EDR 2010).

#### 8 PHYSICAL SITE SETTING

Site-specific hydrogeologic information was not identified in documents available for review. The geologic setting for Newtown Creek consists of impermeable Precambrian and Paleozoic crystalline bedrock, overlain by the Upper Cretaceous Raritan formation, Magothy formation and Matawan Group (undifferentiated), unconsolidated Pleistocene deposits and upper Pleistocene glacial deposits and Holocene shore, beach salt-marsh deposits, and

alluvium, along with local occurrences of artificial fill (Buxton et al. 1981; Soren and Simmons 1987). The primary areas of groundwater discharge are Newtown Creek and its tributaries and the East River (Misut and Monti 1999). In the vicinity of Newtown Creek, groundwater flow in the Upper Glacial aquifer is generally north and south towards the creek. With increased distance from the creek, groundwater will flow towards the nearest surface water body to discharge (Misut and Monti 1999). Incidences of perched groundwater may occur above the Upper Glacial Aquifer in some areas, particularly in formerly low-lying areas that have been filled. Groundwater flow at a specific property may differ from the regional pattern due to pumping for groundwater treatment or dewatering activities (Misut and Monti 1999), the presence of buried utilities, or other preferential pathways.

# 9 NATURE AND EXTENT (CURRENT UNDERSTANDING OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS)

9.1 Soil	
Soil Investigations	Yes No
Bank Samples	Yes No Not Applicable
Soil-Vapor Investigations	Yes No
Information regarding on-site soil investigations was not	t identified in documents available
for review.	
9.2 Groundwater	
Groundwater Investigation	Yes No
NAPL Presence (Historical and Current)	Yes No
Dissolved COPC Plumes	Yes No
Visual Seep Sample Data	Yes No Not Applicable
Information regarding on-site groundwater investigation available for review.	ns was not identified in documents

9.3 Surface Wate	er
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Surface Water Investigation		☐ Yes ⊠ No
SPDES Permit (Current or Past)		🗌 Yes 🔀 No
Industrial Wastewater Discharge (IWD) Permit (Curre	nt or Past)	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Stormwater Data		🔀 Yes 🔲 No
Catch Basin Solids Data		Yes No
Wastewater Data		Yes No

# 9.3.1 Surface Water Investigation

A solid waste inspection in 2006 documented uncontrolled stormwater runoff, unpermitted wastewater discharge, and solid waste activity near surface water (NYSDEC 2006; Brezner 2007). Another inspection in 2007 documented that stormwater was not connected to NYCDEP sewers, and stormwater was allowed to infiltrate into the ground or sheet flow into Newtown Creek. Stormwater mixed with waste materials was found to have the potential to discharge to Newtown Creek through gaps in the makeshift steel barriers and concrete blocks along the bank (Zacharias 2007).

# 9.3.2 Stormwater and Wastewater Systems

This site is within the Newtown Creek Water Pollution Control Plant (WPCP) sewershed. Sanitary wastewater is conveyed from the site via a 4 inch house connection to the NYCDEP 24 inch sewer line in 47th Street (Galli 2001). Although sanitary discharges from the site flow into a separate local municipal system, it is likely that the separate local system flows into a larger combined system prior to reaching the treatment plant. When the combined flows exceed the system's capacity, untreated combined sewer overflows (CSOs) are discharged to Newtown Creek (NYCDEP 2007).

Based on the site topography and records, stormwater at the site is expected to infiltrate into the ground, flow overland towards Newtown Creek, or discharge to Newtown Creek through an unpermitted on-site stormwater outfall (Galli 2001; Stuart 2001).

#### 9.3.3 SPDES Permit

Information reviewed in available records indicates that the site has not been issued a State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) permit; however, a SPDES permit application was submitted on November 7, 2001, for the discharge of treated industrial stormwater runoff from the proposed C&D Debris Processing Facility (Galli 2001; NYSDEC 2011). The operation contributing to the discharge flow was described as stormwater runoff from debris waste piles. The discharge flow given in the application was 57,200 gallons per day (gpd) (Galli 2001). Proposed stormwater infrastructure was identified on available site drawings associated with the SPDES permit application (see Attachments 1 and 2) that consisted of catch basins, double basin interceptor, and an oil/water separator (Galli 2001), but this system may never have been installed since the Solid Waste Management permit for C&D processing associated was withdrawn by the applicant (NYSDEC 2011). The Engineering Report that was submitted with the SPDES permit application discussed utilizing an existing outfall to Newtown Creek from the site (Galli 2001; Stuart 2001). The NYSDEC records show that a new SPDES application was needed as of October 7, 2008 (NYSDEC 2011), and on April 30, 2009, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) issued an enforcement penalty for unpermitted NPDES discharges (USEPA 2011).

# 9.3.4 Sampling Data

The only sampling data available for the site was from the 2001 SPDES permit application. Results from the sample event are summarized below:

Report Date	Constituent	Result	Unit	Limit	Source	
Initial CDDEC	BOD	30	mg/L			
Initial SPDES - application - (11-07-01)	TSS	30	mg/L	NA	Galli 2001	
	Oil and Grease	il and Grease 15		INA	Gaill 2001	
	рН	6 (minimum), 9 (maximum)	SU			

Notes:

BOD - biochemical oxygen demand

mg/L - milligrams per liter

NA – not applicable

SPDES - State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

SU - standard unit

TSS – total suspended solid

# 9.3.5 Surface Water Summary

Records indicate the site has not been issued a SPDES or IWD permit, although a stormwater system design and SPDES permit application was submitted in 2001 (Galli 2001; NYSDEC 2011). The site was issued an enforcement action by USEPA on April 30, 2009 for unpermitted discharges.

9.4	Sediment		
Creek	Sediment Data	☐ Yes ⊠ No ☐	Not Applicable
Inforn	nation regarding sediment investigations was	not identified in docume	nts available
for rev	riew.		
٥.	•		
9.5	Air		
Air Pe	rmit		Yes No
Air Da	ta		Yes No
Inforn	nation regarding air emissions from the site w	as not identified in docur	nents available
for rev	iew.		
10 RE	MEDIATION HISTORY (INTERIM REMED	IAL MEASURES AND C	THER
CL	EANUPS)		

Information regarding on-site remedial activities was not identified in documents available for review.

# 11 BIBLIOGRAPHY / INFORMATION SOURCES

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#### 12 ATTACHMENTS

#### **Figures**

Figure 1 Site Vicinity Map: Pebble Lane Associates

#### **Tables**

Table 1 Potential Areas of Concern and Transport Pathways Assessment Pebble Lane Associates

# **Supplemental Attachments**

Attachment 1 2001 Facility Site Plan

Attachment 2 Stormwater System Details



Table 1
Potential Areas of Concern and Transport Pathways Assessment – Pebble Lane Associates

Potential Areas of Concern	n Media Impacted				d	COPCs										Potential Complete Pathway										
							TPH		V	OCs																
Description of Areas of Concern	Surface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Groundwater	Catch Basin Solids	Creek Sediment	Gasoline-Range	Diesel – Range	Heavier – Range	Petroleum Related (e.g., BTEX)	VOCs	Chlorinated VOCs	SVOCs	PAHs	Phthalates	Phenolics	Metals	PCBs	Herbicides and Pesticides	Dioxins/Furans	Overland Transport	Groundwater	Direct Discharge – Overwater	Direct Discharge – Storm/Wastewater	Discharge to Sewer/CSO	Bank Erosion	Air Releases
USTs/ASTs	?	?	?	?	?	٧	٧	?	٧	?	?		٠٠.	?		?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Spills	?	?	?	?	?	٧	٧	?	,	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	3	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Oil depot (circa 1912 – circa 1930)	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?		?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Recovery and recycling of clean fill (1985 – 1998)	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?		?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Waste Transfer Station ( 1998 – present)	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	,	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Debris piles at solid waste transfer facility	?	?	?	?	?		?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	٧	?	?	٧	?	?	?
Maintenance and parking of petroleum hauling trucks (1985 – present)	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?

#### Notes:

V – COPCs are/were present in areas of concern having a current or historical pathway that is determined to be complete or potentially complete.

? – There is not enough information to determine if COPC is/was present in area of concern or if pathway is complete.

-- - Current or historical pathway has been investigated and shown to be not present or incomplete.

AST – aboveground storage tank

BTEX - benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes

COPC – constituents of potential concern

CSO - combined sewer overflow

PAH – polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

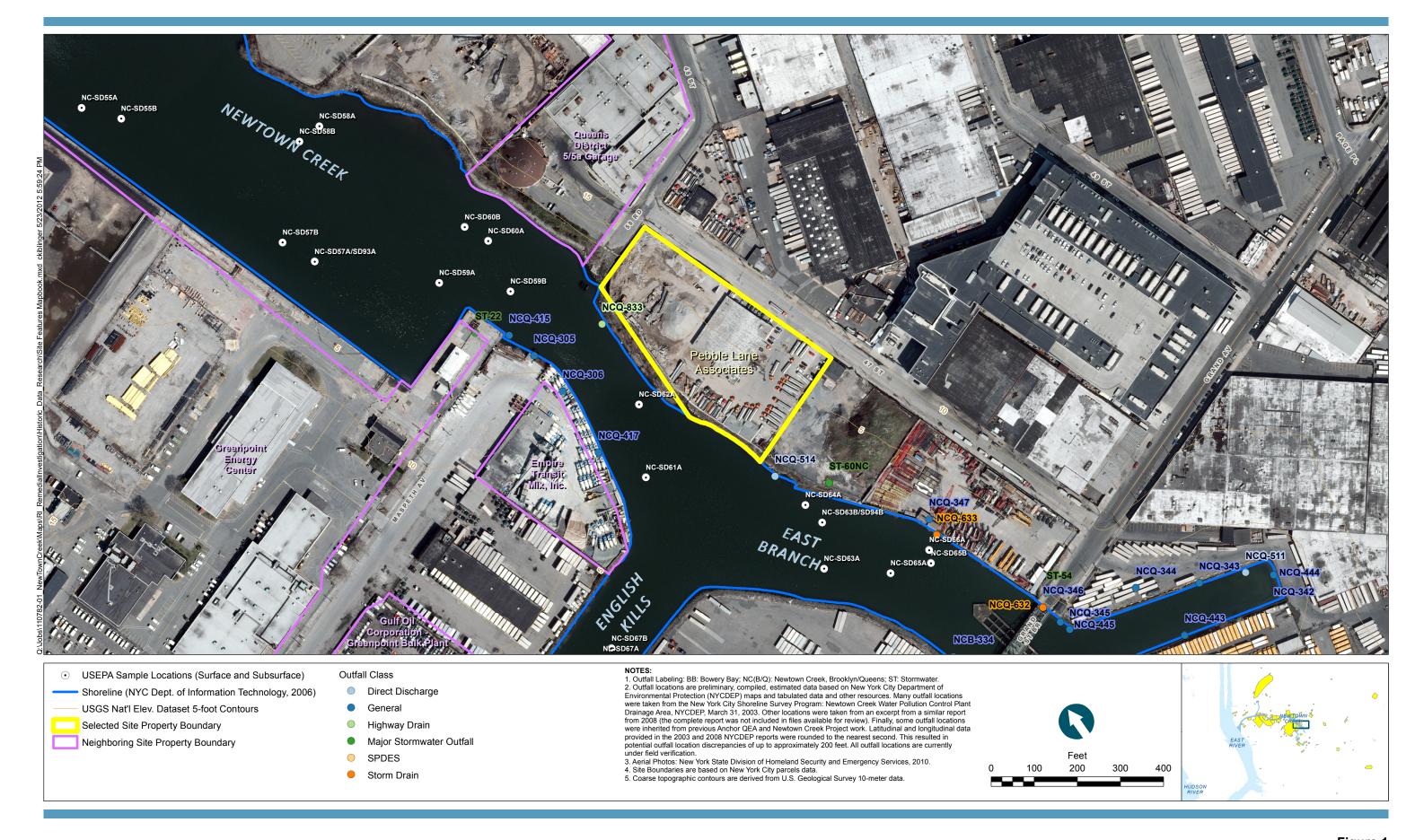
PCB – polychlorinated biphenyl

TPH – total petroleum hydrocarbons

SVOC – semi-volatile organic compounds

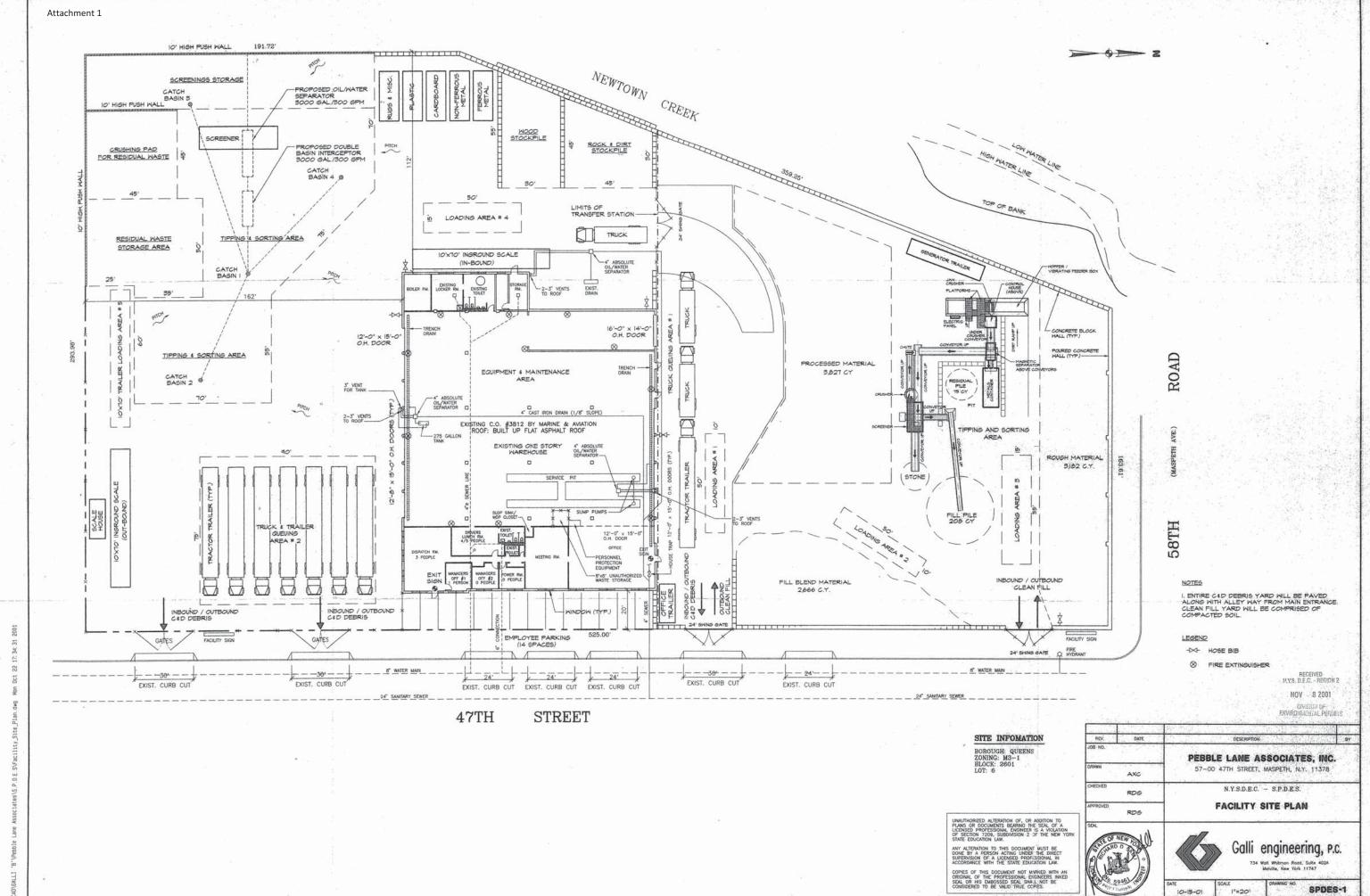
UST – underground storage tank

VOC – volatile organic compounds





# SUPPLEMENTAL ATTACHMENTS



MYS. D.E.C. - REGION 2

NOV 8 2001

DIVERSION OF

NO THE SEAL OF A NEER IS A VIOLATION NEER IS A VIOLATION NEED THE NEW YORK

UMENT MUST BE INDER THE DIRECT PROFESSIONAL IN EDUCATION LAW.





ATE SOALE DRAWING NO.

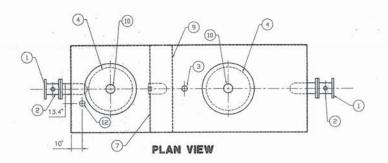
INTERIOR-

GAUGE: SHELL- 7GA HEADS- 7GA SURFACE PREP: SSPC NO.6 BLAST ALL EXTERIOR SURFACES

MATERIAL FXTERIOR-POLYURETHANE NONE (70 MILS)

NOTE: POLYURETHANE ACT-100-U TANKS ARE NOT APPROVED FOR THE STORAGE OF HEATED PRODUCTS

BOLT ON EXTENSIONS NOT PROVIDED WITH STD. UNIT. CUSTOMER TO ADVISE IF EXT. ARE NEEDED & WHAT THEIR LENGTHS SHOULD BE



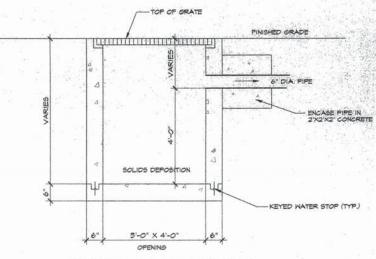
PROVIDED EQUIPMENT

1. 150# R.F.S.O. FLANGE

1. 150# R.F.S.O. FLANGE
2. ISOLATED SPOOL PIECE W/ 2" NPT FOR VENT
3. "FTG. W/ 3" x 2" NYLON BUSHING
(FITTING FOR VENT)
4. 24" ø MANHOLE
5. 6" ø ELBOW
6. 2" ø NPT
7. 48" ø x 7GA. BULKHEAD
8. 1/4" STRIKER PLATES
9. SLUDGE BAFFLE
10. 5" FTG. W/ 5" x 4" NYLON BUSHING

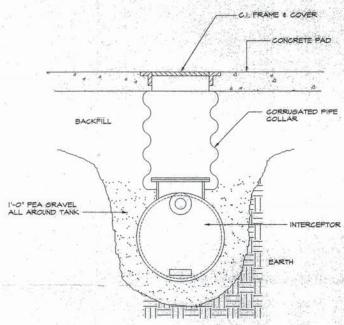
9. SECONDE DAFFLE
10. 5" FTG. W/ 5" x 4" NYLON BUSHING
(FITTING FOR GAUGE)
11. OUTLET DOWNCOMER

12. 3" FTG. W/ 3" x 2" NYLON BUSHING (FITTING FOR LEAK DETECTION)



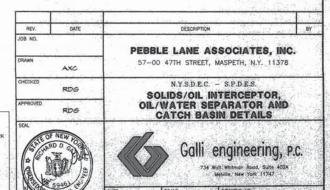
\* NOTE: SEE PROFILE FOR INVERT ELEVATIONS

# TYPICAL CATCH BASIN DETAIL



# INSTALLATION DETAIL

PLYS. D.E.C. - REGION 2 NOV 8 2001



AS SHOWN

10-15-01

(5)-DUTLET (2) (5) (8) 18 -(8) 13 1/3-23.4" 58.6\* 3 1/3" END VIEW 18'-0"

#### ELEVATION

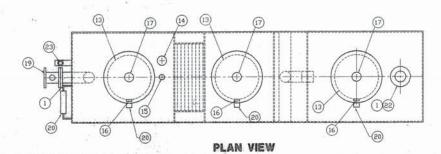
### INTERCEPTOR DETAIL

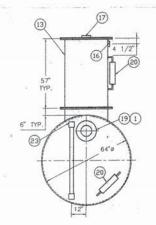
HIGHLAND TANK & MFG. CO. MODEL HT-DB-3000 NOT TO SCALE

### GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

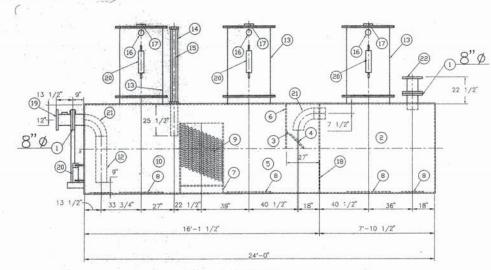
NO. REO'D: (1)
CAPACITY: 3,000 GALLONS
TYPE: HT, UNDERGROUND S.T.I.P.3, "G" SERIES
DOUBLE WALL TYPE I 360"
MATERIAL: MILLO CARBON STEEL
FLOW RATE: 100 GPM
GAUGE: INNER: OUTER:
SHELL 7 GA 10 GA
HEADS— 7 GA 10 GA
SURFACE PREP:
SP—6 BLAST ALL EXTERIOR SURFACES

MATERIAL THICKNESS CORROCOTE PLUS (15 MILS) NONE





END VIEW



#### ELEVATION

# OIL/WATER SEPARATOR

HIGHLAND TANK & MFG. CO. MODEL HT-G-3000 NOT TO SCALE

### PROVIDED EQUIPMENT

150# R.F.S.O. FLANGE SLUDGE COMPARTMENT

VELOCITY HEAD DIFFUSION BAFFLE WEAR PLATE

SEDIMENT CHAMBER

6. UNDERFLOW BAFFLE

SLUDGE BAFFLE STRIKER PLATES

10. OIL/WATER SEPARATOR CHAMBER

12. OUTLET DOWNCOMER
13. 24" Ø MANWAY WITH 38" Ø BOLT-ON EXTENSION (SHIP LOOSE)

(SHIP LOOSE)

14. 5"Ø FTG. W / S" x 4" NYLON BUSHING FOR OIL PUMPOUT W/ INTERNAL PIPE INSTALLED & RISER PIPE (SHIP LOOSE)

15. 3"Ø FTG W / 3" x 2" NYLON BUSHING FOR LEVEL SENSOR W/ RISER PIPE (SHIP LOOSE)

16. 3"Ø FTG W / 3" x 2" NYLON BUSHING FOR VENT

17. 5"Ø FTG W / 5" x 4" NYLON BUSHING FOR GAUGE WITH PLUG

18. 7 GA. SINGLE BULKHEAD

19. ISOLATION SPOOL W/ ISULATION KIT & 2" NPT FOR VENT

20. SACRAFICIAL ZINC ANODE

21. 6" Ø WELDED ELBOW

22. ISOLATION SPOOL W/ ISULATION KIT

23. 3" Ø FTG. W / 3" X 2" NYLON BUSHING

(FITTING FOR LEAK DETECTION)

(FITTING FOR LEAK DETECTION)